



# Measurement knowledge and skills progression

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p><b>Vocabulary: Measurement</b></p> <p>note vocabulary is progressive - years should be using prior years' mathematical terms and vocabulary as well as the vocabulary shown in the current year group</p>	<p>Full, half full, empty</p> <p>Holds</p> <p>Container</p> <p>Weigh, weighs, balances</p> <p>Heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest</p> <p>Scales</p> <p>Time</p> <p>Days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, etc.</p> <p>Seasons: spring, summer, autumn, winter</p> <p>Day, week, month, year, weekend</p> <p>Birthdays, holiday</p> <p>Morning, afternoon, evening, night, midnight</p> <p>Bedtime, dinnertime, playtime</p> <p>Today, yesterday, tomorrow</p> <p>Before, after</p> <p>Next, last</p> <p>Now, soon, early, late</p> <p>Quick, quicker, quickest, quickly, fast, faster, fastest, slow, slower, slowest, slowly</p> <p>Old, older, oldest, new, newer, newest</p> <p>Takes longer, takes less time</p> <p>Hour, o'clock, half past</p> <p>Clock, watch, hands</p> <p>How long ago? How long will it be to...? How long will it take to...? How often?</p> <p>Always, never, often, sometimes, usually</p> <p>Once, twice</p> <p>First, second, third, etc.</p> <p>Estimate, close to, about the same as, just over, just under</p> <p>Too many, too few, not enough, enough</p> <p>Length, width, height, depth</p> <p>Long, longer, longest, short, shorter, shortest, tall, taller, tallest, high, higher, highest</p> <p>Low, wide, narrow, deep, shallow, thick, thin</p> <p>Far, near, close</p> <p>Metre, ruler, metre stick</p> <p>Money, coin, penny, pence, pound, price, cost, buy, sell, spend, pay, change, dear(er), costs more, costs less, cheaper, costs the same as</p> <p>How much? How many?</p> <p>Total</p>	<p>Quarter past/to</p> <p>m/km, g/kg, ml/l</p> <p>Temperature (degrees)</p>	<p>Leap year</p> <p>Twelve-hour/twenty-four-hour clock</p> <p>Roman numerals I to XIII</p>	<p>Convert</p>	<p>Volume</p> <p>Imperial units, metric units</p>	
<p><b>Measurement</b></p>	<p>compare, describe and solve practical problems for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]</li> <li>-mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]</li> <li>-capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half-full, quarter]</li> <li>-time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]</li> </ul> <p>measure and begin to record the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-lengths and heights</li> <li>-mass/weight</li> <li>-capacity and volume</li> <li>-time (hours, minutes, seconds)</li> </ul> <p>recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes</p> <p>sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]</p> <p>recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years</p> <p>tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</p>	<p>choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels</p> <p>compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using &gt;, &lt; and =</p> <p>recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value</p> <p>find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money</p> <p>solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change</p> <p>compare and sequence intervals of time</p> <p>tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</p> <p>know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day</p>	<p>measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)</p> <p>measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes</p> <p>add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts</p> <p>tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and</p> <p>12-hour and 24-hour clocks</p> <p>estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute: record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight</p> <p>know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year</p> <p>compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]</p>	<p>convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]</p> <p>measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres</p> <p>find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares</p> <p>estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence</p> <p>read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks</p> <p>solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days</p>	<p>convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)</p> <p>understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints</p> <p>measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres</p> <p>calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm<sup>2</sup>) and square metres (m<sup>2</sup>) and estimate the area of irregular shapes</p> <p>estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm<sup>3</sup> blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]</p> <p>solve problems involving converting between units of time • use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling</p>	<p>solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate</p> <p>use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places</p> <p>convert between miles and kilometres</p> <p>recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa</p> <p>recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes</p> <p>calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles</p> <p>calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm<sup>3</sup>) and cubic metres (m<sup>3</sup>), and extending to other units [for example, mm<sup>3</sup> and km<sup>3</sup>]</p>